C! 455IFTCATION COMPIDEMENT Approved For Release (COMPID) ENT-RA 282-00457R001400850005-2 INFORMATION 25X1 DATE DISTR. **23** apr 13 39% Chins COUNTRY 3 Political Information: YEN Hei-shan and his NO. OF PAGES SUBJECT Trestment of the Japanesa in Shansi NO. OF ENCLS. PLACE ACQUIRED 25X1 (LISTED SELOW) DATE OF INFO SUPPLEMENT TO 25X1 REPORT NO. the second control of THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE MATIONAL DEFE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE EXAMING OF THE EMPIORACE ACT U.S.C. STANGS 32 AS AMERICAED. 173 TRANSMISSION O'S THE SEVELLY OF ITS CONTAINS IN ANY MANIMES ON AN UNLAWFORMATION PRODUCTION. IS HIBITED BY LAW. REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM 154 PROMISITED. IS SHEN INFORMATION CONTAINED IN BODY OF THE FORM PAY WE UTHAT AS RECEIVED RECESSARY BY THE RECEIVING ACENCY. 25X1 THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION FOR THE RESEARCH USE OF TRAINED INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS 25X1 Control of the second of the second of the second of the Living conditions among the Japanese in Taiyuan (112-35, 37-52) are good. Those in government organizations are paid 3,000,000 - 5,000,000 UNG in cash in addition 25X1 to rice or flour, according to the number in each family, and dwallings are furmished free of ront. Japanese restaurants and shops are in operation, just as they were before the Japanese surrender. There are seven Japanese primary schools in Taiyuan, attended by more than 600 children. YEM Hai-shan frequently contributes money to these schools and allows the Japanese flag to fly from the poles in the school gardens. All the Japanese are quite content with YEM's treatment of them and are willing to work for him. On Sunday afternoons drunken Japanese soldiers in Chinese uniforms can be seen on the streets under the tolerant eyes of the Chinese police. 25X1 25X1 One or two changes can be noted in the Japanese community in Taiyuan. Although the auxiliary organs of the Japanese army such as the supply center, clothing depot, news office, etc., are still in operation, the atmosphere of Japanese militarism is outwardly, at least, disappearing, while liberal articles and editorials in the Taiyuan periodicals have remarkably increased in number. Although the recent repatriation of Japanese from Shenei was nothing more than free resignation on the part of those who were dissatisfied with their terms of employment and the slightly tightened control recently experienced by them, IsN publicized it as "mass repatriation". YEN Hai-shan has possibly become more sensitive to the policies of Nanking, especially since he is anxious to improve his markets for iron and other mineral products in the Shanghai-Marking area. There are no indications, however, that YEV intends to diminish the number of his Japanese workers. On the contrary, he is as determined as even to retain as many Japanese as possible, both military and technical, and to secure their closest cooperation in such tasks as the preparation of studies on the exploitation of Shansi's natural resources and the military defense of his territory. In Taiyuan, alone, he has retained 3,000 technical experts. 25X1 CONF CLASSIFICATION STATE 6 X NAVY # DISTR THOM NSRB X AIR Document No. CONFIDENTIAL DO CHANGE in Class. PECLASSIFIED Class. CHANGED TO: TSS C DDA Memo, 4 Apr 77 Auth: DDA REG. 77/ 25X1 Approved For Release 200008 FDENTIAL 00457R@4409850905-2

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY 25X1 25X1 25X1 Japanese troops under YEN Hei-shan number about 3,000 officers and men and belong to one unit, the Temporary Tenth Independent Column (Chan Fien Tu Li Ti Shih Teung Tui) (等編 清文 十 版 族)。 This unit is the former 4173 Unit, which was stationed in Taiyuan before the Japanese surrender and which, after the surrender, cooperated with HEN on his roturn to Taiyuan under the new designation, "Field Unit" (Yeh Chan Pu Tui) (I) I Fig.).
The unit was remained the Temperary Tenth Independent Column in June 1947. Included 25X1 in the column are a tank unit and an artillory unit, both of which have been described as wack units. Detachments of the column are stationed in the vicinities of Taiyuan and Hainchou (112-45, 38-23). The organization of the column is shown in part below. Yell has given all his Japanese officers Chinese names and has applied to the Central Government for their registration in Shansi : Lt. Gen. CHIN Shu-to (晋 构 德) (KITOKU, Susumi) CO General Staff KUANG Mo (廣 末) (HIROSE) Services and Supplies : HBIANG Liang (相 良 ) (SAGARA) CHI Tse (吉澤) (YOSHIZAMA) Medical Corps Information Office CHIENG Yeh (成 ) (JONO) Ordnance (unknown) Note: Except for that of the commanding officer, the above "Chinese 25X1 names" are morely Chinese readings for the Japanese names given after the characters. It is possible that CHIN Shu-te is Maj.Gen. TSUYUKI /Toku/ or UNEWO. TSUTURI was named as the commandor of the 4173 Unit in a CCF New China News Agency release of 12 December 1947, while a release of 16 December 1947 by the same agency gave UYENO as the commander.) 25X1 25X1 Japanese troops in Shansi are under the command of Maj. Gon. YAMAOKA (11, 12), chief of staff of the Japanese Shansi Army at the time of the Japanese surrender. 25X1 25X1 A unit of armed Japanese is stationed in Taiyuan under the command of Marshal MEN This unit is about 100,000 strong. In maintaining his poculiar noutrality between the Chinese Communits, YEN feels that a strong Japanese unit is his best protection, since either of his two enemies [? Chinese Communits and Nationalists] may defeat him the moment his military power is undermined, and he consequently continues to rely upon the friendly cooperation of these Japanese, whomhe treated generously during the two years following their surrender. Although diminished in number, the Japanese troops in Shansi have never been disarmed, and YEN has reassured them of further service under his command, which, he alleges, was "borrowed from Emperor Hirchite". No re-education or reorganization of the Japanese forces has been undertaken, and they still uphold the traditional faith in Hirchito's "deity". The only change is 25X1 their use of the Chinese Nationalist uniform. Their supply center is used as a virtual department store for the Japanese civilians their propaganda section has been given control of a newspaper and rerid news is printed weekly in Japanese with strong anti-Communist editorials and moderate criticism of the Kuomintang. The Japanese var nonument (in Taiyuna) is maintained with respect; and Japanese civilians still bow when passing Japanese sentries.

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25X1 In short, the atm

In short, the atmosphere of the Japanese occupation still remains, but without the former arrogance toward the Chinese didigens.

- 6. During the Japanese occupation, YEN was frequently invited to Chungking and Yenan. The small town in which he lived, between Nuchai (111-49, 36-55) and Paote (111-63, 39-01), was at that time near the Chinese Communist zone of occupation, and YEN was often invited to dinner by the Chinese Communist district chief. In spite of the fact that TEN had more than 90 invitation cards from Chinese Communists and numerous invitations from Chungking, all of which he refused, he still maintained good relations with Chungking and Yenan.
- 7. At the same time he maintained close connections with the Japanese Army in Shansi, and top-ranking Japanese officers often visited him to discuss the administration of Shansi Province.
  The Japanese could not even appoint a halon chief without YEM's consent, since, without it, the hairn inhabitants refused to recognize the authority of the appointed official.
  YEM's influence among Shansi people is will strong enough to cause the Chinese Communists to hope for YEM's cooperation.
- 8. At present the Chinese Communists are not aggressive in Kin's territory, since so much of their strength is concentrated in Manchuria. It appears as if YEN has reached a compromise with them, but, in reality, while both sides enjoy relative peace, the intention to remain quiet for the time being is stronger in Chinese Communist circles. Another factor influencing the possibility of compremise is the close cooperation with YEN of YAHAGKA (see paragraph 4), one of the best experts on the Soviet Union in the Japanese Army, once a military attache to Moscow and a fluent speaker of Russian. IF YAHAGKA is allowed to return to Japan, the possibility of compremise will be greater.